MORNING EDITION----THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1852.

FINANCIAL.

P. W. BYINES & CO., 69 SOUTH STREET, NEW P. York, and No. 36 Waterloo Road, Liverpool, issue Sight Drafts, psyable throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Water, pre also agents for the Empire, Red Star, Dramstie, and St. George's Line of Liverpool Packets, and New Line from Hamberg and Rotterdam, sailing weekly. Certificates for above lines for sale.

\$4,000 TO LOAN, ON NEW YORK CITY IMThis office has also several first class mortgages, of larger
amounts, for sale. Capitalists, or others, wishing good mortgages, or New York property, are respectfully invited to call
at the Life Insurance Office, 85 Nassau street.

M. LUTHER SHELDON, Insurance Agent.

\$600 WANTED, ON GOOD SECURITY, FOR ONE £1 DRAFTS ON UNION BANK OF LONDON, NA-tional Bank of Scotland, and Belfast Banking Com-pany of Ireland. Drafts on those Banks constantly forsale, in sums from £1 upwards, by TAYLOR BROTHERS, No. 76 Wall st., cor. Pearl.

M ONEY MAY BE OBTAINED FOR A SHORT TIME in sums of \$5 to \$1,000, on watches, diamonds, silver plate, jewelry, dry goods, planos, and fancy articles, by applying at the Agency Office, 32 Warren street, corner of Church. Office hours from 10 to 3 o'clock. N.B.—Removed from 16 Park place.

plying at the Agency Office, 32 Warren street, corner of Church. Office hours from 10 to 3 o'clock. N.B.—Removed from 16 Park place.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTGRS.—OFFICE ILLINOIS Central Railroad, New York, March 15, 1852.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Chief Engineer, in the city of Chicago, Illinois, for the Grading, Masoury, Dridging, and Sayerstructure, or either of them, with or contract the contract of the contract of the Chief Engineer, in the city of Chicago, Illinois, for the Grading, Masoury, Dridging, and Sayerstructure, or either of them, with or contract of the Chief Engineer, and the Chief Engineer, the Chief Engineer, and the Chief Engineer, in Chicago, Illinois, on and statements of the mode and terms of payment, will be furnalished at the office, over the New York and New Haven Railroad passenger station, No. 33 Canal street, New York city, and at the office, over the New York and New Haven Railroad passenger station, No. 33 Canal street, New York city, and at the office of the Chief Engineer, in Chicago, Illinois, on and after March 25, 1852. The same, so far as related to the first and second divisions, may also be found at Jonaboro, Union county, Illinois; and to the sixth division, at Inceport. Stephenson county, Illinois, and the R.B. Alson, Engineer in Chiego, mail the Spitch Spitch and the office of the Chief Engineer, in Chicago, Illinois papers please copy, and send a paper to No. 2 Hanover street, New York.

To GOLD MINING COMPANIES.—THE ADVERTISER having recently returned from California, where he

TO GOLD MINING COMPANIES.—THE ADVERTISER having recently returned from California, where he erected and put in snostasful operation a Steam Stamping Mill, for extracting gold from quartz, offers his services to any company now being organized, to superintend the getting up of machinery for separating the gold. From his practical experience, he believes he can save a large outlay to those who are about embarking in the business. Address Gold Minor, Herald office.

Gold Miner, Herald office.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTland, and Wales.—Drafts, from £1 and upwards, payable at sight, are issued by

BOWMAN, GRINNELL & CO., 83 South street,
enly authorized agents in this city for the Swallow Tail
fines of Liverpool and London packets.

JOHN McMICHAEL, 36 OLD SLIP, CORNER OF
South street, has for sale drafts for any amount, which
will be cashed throughout Great Britain and Ireland. Also,
issues certificates of passage by the Eagle line of New York
and Liverpool packets. Refers to Measrs, Jno. W. Whitlock
& Co., Sherman & Collins, Acton Civil. Eq., &c. \$50,000 TO LEND ON BOND AND MORT-ductive Real Estate in this City, Brooklyn, or Williamsburg, Apply to S. S. Broad, No. 11 Wall street, in the Croton Water office basement.

CHEAP GOODS.—FRENCH PRINTS 44, FAST COlors, at one chilling per yard; also, Lawns, printed and
plain colors, at same price, together with every description
of Dress Goods, rich Erocade and other Silks, Shawis, Laces,
Embroideries, Hosiery, Linens, and Domestic Goods, for
sale, wholesale and retail, at very low prices, by
TIFFANY & CUTTING, 321 Broadway.

A CARD—G. BRODIE, PROPRIETOR OF THE NEW
York mantilla and cloak store, 51 Canal and 63 Lespinard streets, will open on Thursday, 18th, his new styles
of French mantillas, &c., selected by himself in Paris. As
no stock so rich, so varied and so large has ever yet been offered in the United States, ladies will do well to call before
purchasing.

Purchasing.

PRING MANTILIAS.—THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW prepared to submit to the inspection of merchants and wholesale buyers, an elegant and extensive assortment of novelties in Mantillas, in every fabric and design, all of his ewn importation and manufacture, and which he offers on the most liberal terms. GEO, BULPIN, Paris Mantilla Emporium. No. 351 Broadway. N. B.—Will remove on the 22d insects to No. 361 Broadway, a low deers higher in the same block.

THE ART OF CUTTING GARMENTS.—THE HERE to fore supposed mystery of cutting garments to fi with certainty, is now rendered so perfectly plain and simple by Stimenets new system, that even a novice in the arcan, in a few days practice, compete successfully with those of many years experience, who are governed by the old method. The practical illustrations particularly in relation to variations, are of the utmost importance to all who practice cutting, and only requires to be tested, to convince the most sceptical of its correctness. The above can be obtained on personal application, or sent by mail, by accompanying the order, with the price of the work, (\$\frac{1}{2}\$ per copy), to H. B. PETTIGREW, No. 31 Broadway, or H. B. PETTIGREW, No. 4 Cortlandt street.

MASHIONABLE CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.—G. B. Sanguineti, first cutter of Mr. Depioris, Irving House, has the honor to inform the public and his frieds, that to has opened a new establishment, on his dum to consider the last opened a new establishment, on his dum to consider the last opened a new establishment, on his dum to consider the who will honor him with their patronage. His setablishment is furnished with the latest fashions and newest style of goods, at moderate prices.

G. B. SANGUINETI. is furnished with the inverse and G. B. SANGUINETI. goods, at moderate prices.

CAST OFF CLOTHING AND FURNITURE WANTED.

Ladies or gentlemen having any clothing, furniture, or sewelry to dispose of, can obtain a fair cash price, by sending for the subscriber, at his residence, or through the post Ladies attended by Mrs. Dusseldorf, No. 13 Elm street, L. M. DUSSELDORF.

L. M. DUSSELDORF.

C AST OFF CLOTHING AND FURNITURE WANTED—
Ladies and gentlemen having any clothing, furniture
jewelry, or stock goods, to dispose of, can obtain a fair case
price for the same, by sending for the subscriber, at his resi
dence, or through the post. Ladies attended by Mrs. Cohon

M. S. COHEN, 66 Kim street. M. S. COHEN, 66 kin street.

CAST OFF CLOTHING.—WANTED TO PURCHASE, about two thousand deliars worth of good left of clothing, in large or small quantisies, for which the full value will be given in current money, on application, either personally or through post, to James Moroney, at his store, Il Orange street, a few deors from Chatham street. TIMELY NOTICE TO GENTS.—NOW IS THE TIME TO Toke up your spring and summer clothing. 553 Pearl street, corner Braadway, is the only piace to get them hand-somely cleaned, dyed, pressed, altered, and repaired. Considered of the parties of cleaned for is, pants 3s. Every article made to look equal to new. A trial is asked by

A. CORTISSOS, Late of Murray street.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

THE CONGRESS PIRATED.—CAUTION TO SHOE Dealers.—Learning that some unprincipled persons are effering Elastic Gore to manufacturers of my Patent Congress Hoots, made by braiding or weaving India Rubber in such way as to cause a shir or contraction, or expansion of the fabric with the apring, this notice is given that any mode of covering and combining fibrous materials with cords of India Rubber, if used in making Congress Boots, is a direct and positive violation of my patent; and whoever manufactures or sells the Congress Boots, thus made, will be prosecuted for damages. All who are authorised by me to use are required to stamp each pair with the words. "Day's Patent;" all others are infringements, and dealers are warned against the consequences if they choose to be concerned in pirating this patent. Knowing that the combination are attempting, through their instruments, to mislead unsuspecting shee dealers and manufactures, I have, for their information, caused the opinion of two of the most distinguished Patent Lawyers in the United States to be taken—herewith published. I shall hold every dealer responsible where the manufacturer is irresponsible. HORACE H. DAY, Owner of all the Patents connected with Congress Boots. N. B.—Lienses granted at 23 Cortiandt street, New York, and by my authorized agents throughout the United States, except Massachusetts, Maine and New Hampshire, owned by Charles Winslow, of Lynn, Mass.

LEGAL OPINIOSE.—I have examined the letters Patent issued to Dupost & Hyatt, bearing date the 28th October, 1840, and mof opinion that the use of elastic gores, made by weaving fibrous materials which expand and contract, in combination with India Rubber Sprines, if applied in the manufacture of Galter boots, is an infringement upon the Patent. New York, April 28, 1851. F. B. CUTTING.

BOSTON, June 6, 1851.—I have made a similar examination of the letters Patent, above referred to, and concur in Mr. Cutting's opinion.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.

A FAST HORSE FOR SALE FOR WANT OF USE.—
Chestnut Sorrel, seven years old, sound and kind in all harness: lately come from Vermont; ean trot to a 230 lbs. wagon in three minutes, with two men in he is sixteen hands high, and would make a good family horse, and will be sold worth the money. Apply at 123 Attorney street.

CARRIAGE WANTED—ANY ONE HAVING A LIGHT double carriage, without perch, which will be sold cheap for cash, may hear of a purchaser by addressing G. D. HULL, Butta Hotel, stating lowest price, and where to be seen. FOR SALE—A SORREL MARE, OVER FIFTEEN hands high, eight years old, of splendid action and great endurance, kind and sound, and will be sold low, the owner having no use for her. Can be seen at Scaman's Livery Stable, 33 East Thirteenth street.

TOR SALE—A BROWN STALLION, SEVEN YEARS
old this spring, 15 hands 1 inch high, sound, kind and
pleasant driver, can trot a mile in less than taree minutes,
has a Canadian cross, and is out of a good mare. For further
particulars inquire at REED & TRUSDELL'S livery stable,
172 Mercer street.

Price, \$250.

If OR SALE-A HANDSOME, STYLISH PACING Horse, sixteen hands high, strong, durable, and kind, Also, a Rockaway Wagon and Harness, the property of a private gentleman going to Europe—the wagon and harness having been used only about six weeks. Apply to Sammis & Wheeler's Metropolitan Stables, 59 Henry street.

Wheeler's Metropolitan Stables, 59 Henry street.

HORSE FOR SALE—A SPLENDID GREY HORSE. 16/35 hands high, a stylish driver, sound and kind, and eight years old; can trot a mile in three minutes. Can be seen by calling at Wolcott's livery stable, in Liberty street, part Concord, Brooklyte.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION, AT NO. 31 CROSBY street, on Monday, the 22d March, three Horses, two light Wagons, one set single and one one set daubie Harpers, silver plated mountings. Sold on account of the SUFF, or

MISCELLANEOUS.

GEORGE PRICE & CO. (FORMERLY OF 300 BROAD-way), manufacturers of Kitchen Ranges, Furnaces, and Revolving Roasters, &c., have removed to 243 Broad-way, below Fourteenth street, where they continue the above business. N.B.—Kitchen Ranges repaired.

REMOVAL.—JAMES OWEN HAS REMOVED FROM 136 Pearl street to 15 Broad street.

BRODHEAD & STORM, WHOLESALE GROCERS, NO. 68 Cortlandt street, corner Washington, N. Y., offers a large stock of choice groceries, wines, liquors, &c., on the most reasonable terms, and invite purchasors to call and examine. COAL.—I AM NOW RECEIVING SEVERAL CARGOES of the best red ash coal, and will deliver it from vessels at \$5.25 per ton; from my yards, at \$5.50, corner of King and Greenwich streets, and corner of Goreck and Ryington streets.

PETER CLINTON.

SUSAN'S CAPD.—THE REPORT IN THE PAPERS
that Susan's Daguerreotype was taken good for fifty
cents, is all a mistake; she was taken in, and humbugged, by
the Peter Funk pretence of cheap pictures, as many testify
who have been caught in the same traps. Time is money—
fifty cents pays for a good dinner—poor pictures are worthless—good daguerrootypes are treasures. To save time and
money, and the mortifection of being in the hands of the
Peter Funk artists, and obtain a picture possessing artistic
merit, go to HOLMES. Susan commends Holmos, as a picture-maker of the first order of art. 289 Broadway.

TO PLANK ROAD CONTRACTORS.—PROPESALS will be received for the construction of a Plank Road across the State of New Jersey, from Florence, on the River Delaware, to Keyport, on the Raritan bay, a distance of about forty miles. The road te consist of a double track, each ton feet in width; to be built in the most substantial manner; to be commenced immediately, and finished with the least possible delay. Apply at the office of the Forence and Keyport Company, No. 1 Hanever street, New York. PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR THE MANUfacture of 2% boiler iron shutters, % inch; 568 cast iron caps and sills; 24 anchors, per plans; 329 feet iron grating.
Address S. BRANNAN, Irving house.

A LEXANDRE'S SUB-MARINE BOAT.—ALL COMMU-nications relative to pearl fisheries, gold searches, er all other purposes to which the boat ean be applied, may be addressed to Mr. ALEXANDRE, 131 Fulton street. Office hours from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M.

VENTILATION.—MR. RUTLAN, FROM COBOURG, IS now, and will remain at the New York Hotel, until the 19th inst., where he will be happy to confer with those immediately interested in the above subject in relation either to buildings, railroad cars, or steamboats.

WARRANTED WATCHES.—SILVER CYLINDER Watches \$10; full jewelled Levers \$15; fine gold Ladies' Watches \$25; and fine gold and silver Patent Levers, of the best quality, retailed at wholesale prices, at the cheap Watch Store of L. JACOBS, Importer of Fine Watches, 102 Chatham street.

Watches, 102 Chatham street.

WATCHES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—REceived, per steamer Asia, a small invoice of Watches at greatly reduced prices. Gold Levers, full jewelled, \$30, \$45; Ladies' Gold Watches as low as \$15; Busley's Hunting Patent Levers, \$40.

JOHN COX. Importer, 208 Broadway, corner of Fulton street (up stairs), and 254 Bowery.

WARRANTED WATCHES.—LADIES GOLD Watches, S15 to \$25; Cylinder Watches, \$10; full Jew-clied Levers, \$15; Gold Hunting Watches, from \$30 to \$150; also T. F. Cooper, M. J. Tobias, Yates & Co., and R. & G. Heesley's celebrated Watches, in cases, and cased to order, by

Importer of fine Watches, 102 Chatham street.

THE DIFFICULTY REMOVED.—SINGER'S PA-tented straight needle Sewing Machine, the only ma-chine for doing all kinds of fine and coarse sewing, on cloth and leather, and the only one capable of doing work that will not ravel. ISAAC M. SINGER & CO. No. 256 Broadway.

No. 256 Broadway,

GUTTA PERCHA.—A QUANTITY OF GUTTA PERCHA
Sheeting, one-eighth, three-sixteenths, and one-quarter
of an inch thickness, twenty-four inches wide, suitable for
bands, pump buckets, soles of shoes, cisterns, galvanic batteries, &c., to be sold cheap for eash. Apply at the Paperhanging Store, 52 Fulton street, Brooklyn, near the ferry.

PRESS CUTTING TOOLS, LIGHT MACHINERY, AND WM. ELLIOTT, 102 Nassau street, room 14.

PHILLIPS'S PATENT FIRE ANNIHILATOR.—THE
American Fire Annihilator Company are now prepared
to dispose of Territorial Rights for States and Counties, and
to receive orders for Machines and Charges. The Annihilators now made by the Company are equal in every respect
to the English, being made under the direction of Mr. Phillips himself. The machines vary in size, and are numbered
from 1 to 5-the prices varying from \$10 to \$35. Orders received, and any lurther information given, at the office of
the Company, No. 4 Warren atreet, New York.

P. T. BARNUM, General Manager.

RICH CUT GLASS AND PRESSED WARE.—TURNER, Lane, & Morris, Nos. 43, 45 and 47 Duane street, Manufacturers and Wholesale Desiers in Rich Cut Glass and Freesod Ware, of every description, and of the laiest style; of patterns for table use. Also, Solar, Fluid, and Gas Globes Hail Lanterns, with stained, enamelled, and cut glass; Glasstained and cut for parior and ball doors, Dome Lights, &co We invite the attention of country merchants to our stock of which we have the largest in the city, at reduced prices Persons about purchasing cut glass for hotels, steamers restaurants, and private use, will lind every variety of pattern by calling at our wareresses. Particular attention paid to the packing of California erders.

PAPER HANGINGS SELLING OFF TO CLEAR THE store, at 30 per cent below importer's prices. An entirenew stock, selected from Delaveut's, Marguart's and other manufacturers' patterns, at the World's Fair, in parcels to suit individual customers. The store to let. Apply at 52 Fulton street, Brooklya, near the ferry.

PAPER HANGINGS, OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DEsigns, just imported by FRANCIS PARES & CO., 373
Pearl street, from the renowned manufactories of J. Zuber &
Co., Delicourt, and others of equal eminence, all their new
designs of the richest Paper Hangings, selected expressly,
and the richest Paper Hangings, selected expressly,
and the paper of the richest paper hangings, selected expressly
and principles of the richest Paper Hangings, selected expressly
and principles of the most and which we warrant shall be arranged
and put the selection of the price of the paper of the paper of the paper
wholesale customers and the public will find our supply the
most extensive, and the prices as low, as to be found clacwhere.

PRENCH GAS FIXTURES JUST IMPORTED .- RICH

DEPOT FOR COSTAR'S CELEBRATED RAT, MOUSE, Cookrosoh, Croton Bug, Ant, Bedbug, &c., Exterminators, is at Dellue & Co.'s three establishments, viz. 2 Park Rew, 581 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden, and 230 Fourth avenue, corner of Twentisth street. Costar's depot is 444 Broadway.

Broadway.

S. BOSWORTH, WHOLESALE DEALER IN Cigars and Commission Merchant, 59 Calle de los Omcios, Bavana. Orders for Cigars, Coffee, Sugar, and all the other products of the island, will receive prompt attention. Circulars forwarded on application giving reliable statements of the Havana market. Consignments from the United States receive careful attention and the utmost despatch.

R. S. CLEAVER'S PRIZE MEDAL HONEY SOAP.—

This incomparable Toilet Soap is now esteemed and used, more than any other, throughout Europe. In proof of its sterling merit, it need only be stated that the prize medal was awarded to P. S. Cleaver, for his Honey, and other Toilet Soaps, placed in sompetition with those of all nations, at the World's Fair, of 1851, and being the only meda awarded, by the Jury, for soap alone. The agent is induced to introduce it to the American public, through the medium of an advertisement, feeling satisfied that it only requires to be tried to insure its superseding the use of other Toilet Soaps, in this country, as it has done in Europe. (Registered, according to Act of Congress.) W. J. DAVIS, 120 Broadway, New York, Sole Agent for the United States,

THE RERO OF A THOUSAND BATTLES.

Who hath not heard of great Napoleon,
His mighty deeds, his battles, lost and won?
But Bony, with his flags and drums,
Diminishes when Lyon comes.
This hero of a thousand victories
Or bedbugs, roaches, ants, and fleas and flies,
Who never fled before his foss,
Like Bonaparte from Russian snows;
This hero, with his Pills and famous powder,
Sing his praises loud and londer,
For rats and bugs his prowess blights,
And lefs the poople sleep o' nights.
Depot for LYON'S Magnetic Powder, for the destruction
of insected, and his Pills for killing Rats and Mice, No. 424
Broadway.

K BLLINGER'S MAGIC FLUID IS THE ONLY RE-

K BLLINGER'S MAGIC FLUID IS THE ONLY REmedy that ever has, in this or any other country, restored the hair, after having been gone from ten to twentyfive years. If Dr. Kellinger fails to show that he restored
the hair after having been gone twenty-five years, he will forfeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory infeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory infeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory infeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory infeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory infeit \$1,000. This will pay all persons to make satisfactory inbald from his seventeenth to his forty-second year. Mr.
Wm. H. Yanderbilt, son of our distinguished countryman,
Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt, residence Eim Flace. Saten
Laland, was bald six years, and now has as fine a full black
head of hair as any one would desire to see, by the use of
Kellinger's Magic Fluid. Hundreds of others can be shown
at the depot. N. B.—The Dr. might show ten thousand
cures, and still there would be persons ready to doubt. There
are some who doubt the existence of a creative power—the
cannot believe till they see the Johovah face to face, and
shake hands with him. However, the Doctor is always willing to settle with the rankest sceptic. All who will pay him
well, will have a full guarantee of a head of hair, without
one cent being paid until the work is done, no matter how
that it could not fail a some cases. Sold, in large bottles,
at \$1 ench, or \$0 a desen.

3.000.000 OF BOTTLES AND OVER OF KEL
B. 1000.000 OF BOTTLES AND OVER OF KEL-

3,000,000 OF BOTTLES AND OVER OF KEL.
the last ten years. Its first friends are its best. It never
fails to cure rheumatic and all other pains, heals and dries
up all manner of weakness on male and female, no matter
from what cause also, sores, cuts, bruises, hard swellings;
cures sore eyes, cholors, diarrhos, billions cholic, nervous
headcher, also piles, as certain as it is used. Sold in large
bottles at 50 cente, or \$4 a dozen.

HORSE OWNERS-THE EQUARIAN CONDITION HORSE OWNERS—THE EQUARIAN CONDITION Powders are the most extraordinary medicine in the world for horses—it is cheaper, and warranted to possess more active, cafe, and beneficial groperties, than any other for the cure of distemper, pink eye, colds and slobbering, farey, or lumps on the skin, rough coat, mange, surfeit, obstructed urine (red or yellow water), availed legs, loss of appetite, worms, general debility, impurities of the blood, or want of condition. The case and safety with which they are given rouder them an invaluable and convenient medicine, and one that should be kept on hand by every horse owner. For racing or trousing horses, they are worth the purse, as they strengthen the wind, give an elasticity, and fleetness to the motion, and invigorate the whole frame. They have received the acknowledgoments of thousands of the best had most celebrated farriers and horsemen as a safe and superior medicine, and are universally approved and recommended by every one that mea them. Notice.—The undersigned having, this day, sold, transferred, and accommended by every one that mea them. Notice.—The undersigned having, this day, sold, transferred, and we coperated Equarian Condition Powders, to William S. Dunham has the only and exclusive tight to make and vend the same, and that all others are conserved. New York, Feb. 24, 1852. WALTER H. WYATT. Sold wholesale and retail by WILLIAM S. DUNHAM. Depet No. 476 Broadway: retailed by draggiots, haldlers, &c., throughout the city and the United States.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL

STEAMSHIP NIAGARA, AT HAL!FAX. Revival of the Anti-Corn Law League in England.

OF THE

Abandonment, for the Present, by the New English Ministry, of the Protective Policy.

Serious Factory Riot, at Bristol, England. Increase of Bullion in the Bank of England.

THE ELECTIONS IN FRANCE.

Reduction of Interest by the Bank of Franco. IMPORTANT FROM INDIA.

THE BURMESE WAR. Cetton Improving---Large Business Doing.

BREADSTUFFS DULL, Sie., Sie., Sie.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 17, 1852. The royal mail steamship Ningara, Captain Stone, arrived at her wharf in this city at five o'clock this morning bringing sixty passengers, of whom forty-six are bound to

She brings Liverpool and London dates to the 6th

The Niagers will be due at Boston about six o'clock a Thursday afternoon. The mails will reach New York on

The royal mail steamship Europa, from Boston, on the 18th ultimo, arrived at Liverpeol on the afternoon of the 29th at 2 o'clock—a little over eleven days. The steam propeller City of Manchester, from Philadelphia, arrived at Liverpool on the evening of the 2d

The Collins steamer Pacific, from New York on the 21st ultimo, arrived at Liverpool on the 3d inst., at 8.30 P. M.—eleven days and eight hours.

The general news by this arrival presents no feature of exciting moment, but its full details, will be read with considerable interest.

Affairs in England.

The anti-corn law league agitation had been revived with great spirit. Large meetings for the purpose had been held at Manchester and Leeds, and at the former subscriptions to the amount of nearly £40,000 had been

The re-election of the new ministers whose seats had become vacant in the Houce of Commons, was going for-ward. Sir John Pakington, the Colonial Secretary; Lord John Manners, Commissioner of Woods and Forests; and Lord Henry Lennox, one of the 1 ords of the Treasury, have been returned. The speeches of all these gentlem were cautious on the subject of free trade, throwing the consideration of the subject overboard for the present, and looking forward to the results of the next general election for a sanction to interfere with the policy of the late Sir Robert Peel.

The new Lord Chancellor, Sir E. Sugden, had taken his sent in the House of Lords as Baron St. Leonards. DECEPTION OF THE AMERICAN MINISTER

The American Minister and his lady had a grand rec tion on the 4th. An unusually large number of distin guished persons were present, among whom were the Duke of Wellington, His Highness the Prince of Nassau, Baron Hadden, etc. SERIOUS RIOT AT BRISTOL.

A very serious riot had taken place at Bristol, in conse quence of the factory hands at the Great Western Cotton Works refusing to go through a contracted doorway which had been made by one of the managers, in order to prevent the female operatives, (of whom there were several hundred employed in the factory.) from carrying of the cotton taste, for the purpose of destroying it. Fire engines were sent for, which poured an immense stream on with a shower of stones and other missiles, and after-wards demolished all the windows of the factory. Seve-sal persons were severely injured. The magistrates sub-requently investigated the case, and fined the manager five pounds for his illegal conduct on the occasion. PROSPERITY OF MARITIME COMMERCE.

PROSPERITY OF MARITIME COMMERCE.

The shipping returns of the Board of Trade, for the month ending the 5th of February, have just been issued, and exhibit a triumphant vindication of the wisdom of the repeal of the Navigation laws. Since that event the employment of British vessels has steadily augmented, while the returns previous to the repeal showed a greater increase in foreign than in British tonnage. The latter, both outward and inward, has increased in the aggregate, during the month, 37,944 tons, as compared with the corresponding month of last year, while the foreign has decreased 10,726 tons.

TELEGRAPH BETWEEN ENGLAND AND BELGIUM.

Mesers, Carmichael and Brett have contracted with the
Belgian government for the building of a submarine tele-graph between England and Belgium. They are to have
a monopoly for ten years, and the government a priority
over all other messages.

Over all other messages.

OFFICERS DISMISSED—FAILURES.

The High Constable of Liverpool and two or three of his subordinates had been dismissed for misdemeanors connected with a riot.

Among the failures of the week. at Liverpool, was that of William Sharp, extensive merehant and shipowner.

Ireland.

The Earl of Clarendon had taken leave of Ireland Lord Naas, the new minister, was to be opposed in his election for Kildare The obsequies of the late Roman Catholic Archbisho

of Dublin were celebrated with great pomp, on the 2d inst.

The Catholic Defence Association had held another meeting, but it was of no great moment. The chief point was the system of proselytism pursued at the military schools.

Four free traders had offered themselves for the repre Interesting from France.

THE ELECTIONS.

The elections were nearly all in favor of the government. Here and there only was an opposition membe General Cavaignac had been elected for the third, th

most important district in France.

M. Lamartine, although he had declined to stand, had 711 votes recorded for him against 1,808 for the govern

M. Carnot did not obtain the required majority, s that the election in his district will have to be gone over

pgain.

BECHA AND HIS ASSOCAITES CONVICTED.

M. Becha's trial had terminated in a conviction, and he was fined 500 francs. The persons who assisted in the circulation of his pamphlet, were each fined 150 francs.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

The reorganization of the National Guard is going for ward. A number of companies and several battalion had been already formed.

had been already formed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

It is rumored that the Pope, at the request of Louis Napoleon, is going to raise the Bishop of Bordeaux to the dignity of a cardinal.

The President is indisposed with an acute rheumatism in the legs.

The charter of the Bank of France having only four very to run, has been extended to fifteen. The bank have care to run, has been extended to fifteen. years to run. has been extended to fifteen. The base reduced its discounts from four to three per cent vernment was expected to apply for a lor n shortly road shares and bonds will be discounted as com-

Calebration of washingt on's muth day.

Mt. Norris, the American Mir., ister at Naples, gave grand ball on the evening of the , 25d ultimo, in communition of the birth day of v, ashington. His Excellery, Sir W. Kemble, and all v are foreign ministers, exceller representative of Aug. 1s, were present.

The dissolution of the Cortes was talked of; should it be determined on F, is not likely to take place before July or August, and U, ey, in that case, would be convened in September or O tober.

The Duke and Duchess de Montpensier are to visit England, OF, a return to Spain in July.

Portugal.

At the date of the last advices all was quiet. The appearance of Count Thorners, at Lisbon, had created much surprise. He had not yet taken his seat in the Council Senate, of which he is a member.

Denmark.

The new choiers and fever bill, which abolishes the absurd and injudicious quarantine system in Donmark, had passed the upper House by a majority of 32 to 4.

India—The Burmese Warr, &c.

The Indian overland mail had arrived at London, with Calcutta dates to January 24. and Bombay to February 3d. Commercial affairs at the latter place were dull and unsatisfactory. The import market at Calcutta showed some little improvement.

The Burmese war had commenced in carnest, and the mouth of the Strawaddy was blockaded. The batteries of Rangoon had been destroyed, and three hundred persons killed.

[Here, at an early hour in the afternoon, all the Eastern lines ceased to work; and at about four o'clock every wire leading out of this city broke down, under the heavy pressure of the damp snow.]

Commercial Affairs.

Another augmentation had taken place in the stock of sullion in the Bank of England, the amount being £19,239,024. Discounts were easy, on former terms Consols had improved in price on the 5th inst., and closed at 97 % a 97 %, for money and account. American securities were quiet, and very steady

American securities were quiet, and very steady.

PARIS MONEY MARKET.

PARIS BOURSE, March 4.—Closing prices—Fives, 106

40; Threes, 69 50. Banks, France, 2.700 france.

Liveracot, March 6.—Since the sailing of the Asia a heavy business has been done in Liverpool, and prices advanced fully an eighth of a penny per lb. Speculators advanced fully an eighth of a penny per lb. Speculators were operating to some extent. The total sales of the week ending Friday evening, 5th inst., were 77,540 bales. of which the trade took 53.810, exporters 4.230, and speculators 19 500 bales. The transactions of the 5th were 12,000 bales. The following are the quotations:-

a 78f.

BREADSTUPPS generally were quiet. Wheat and flourhad slightly declined. Corn was in limited demand THE PROVISION MARKET.

Provisions were in better request. Beef was sold at the state of the s

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS. Greeners exhibited no material change.
Sugan, Moderate sales had been effected at previous

rates.

Coffee was very quiet, but no lower.

Tex was in limited demand. TEA WAS IN limited demand.

Molasses and Rum were steady.
Rice was in some request; 100 tierces Carolina sold at
17s. a 18s. 3d., in bond.
QUERCITRON BARK.—Sales had been made at 7s. 6d. a 8s.
Linseed Care was in good request, and somewhat

Lineserd Care was in good request, and somewhat dearer.

Clover Seed was inactive, and a decline of 2s. a 3s. had taken place.

Outs.—Sperm and whale were unaitered; lard had slightly advanced—the quotations were £44 a £46.

Naval Storks were firm. Rough turpentine sold at 8s. a 8s. 9d. ex-store. Tar was held for higher prices, and limited sales had been made at 10s. 6d. a 12s.

Rosin was much wanted, at 3s. a 3s. 2d. fer common, and 8s. for fine.

Ashes met a ready sale, at 25s. 3d. for Montreal pots, and 27s. for pearls.

Franchers to all ports in the United States had advanced. To New York. 13s. a 15s. was freely paid. Some packets were asking 2s. 6d. more to Boston, and 17s. 6d. a 20s. to New Orleans. 9s. a 10s. is paid for rulls, and 12s. 6d. for fine iron. Emigrants were coming forward more freely, and rates were 10s. higher.

STATE OF TRADE.

Trade in the manufacturing districts continued in a healthy state. Manchester goods and yarns were in demand at improving prices.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 17, 1852. NEW SENATORS FROM CALIFORNIA AND MISSISSIPPI. Mr. Gwin. (dem.) of Cal., presented the credentials of Col. Weller, the new United States Senator from California, who was sworn in, and scated.

Mr. McRar, (dem.) of Miss., presented the credentia.

of Judge Adams, his successor. Mr. McRae said, in taking his leave, he begged to express his thanks for the cordial good feeling and the uniform kindness that had been
shown him during the brief period of his membership.

ORIGIN THE FRANCIST.

The CHAIR presented a communication from the Secretary of Oregon Territory, giving an abstract of the laws of
said territory.

THE COLLINS STEAMERS.

Mr. SHELDS, (dem.) of Ill., presented a petition from a
number of citizens of Alabama for sid to the Collins
steamers.

LAND ASSIGNMENTS.

Steamers.

LAND ASSIGNMENTS.

Mr. Jones, (whig) of Tenn., from the committee or conference, reported the Land Assignment bill, with a recommendation to recede from some, and insist on certai other amendments. He explained and advocated the

Departure of the America.

Beston, March 17, 1852.

The steamship America sailed to-day at noon. She took no specie for Liverpool, though she has \$4,850, i. American gold, for Halifax.

Sterling clessed duil to-day, at 10%. Money is in good supply. Stocks heavy. Reading, 36%.

Meteorological Observations. BY MORSE'S MAGNETIC LINE, OFFICE CORNER OF WALL STREET
AND BROADWAY.

WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1852.

BUFFALO, 10 A. M.—Wind south. It is cloudy, but, pleasant. It isoks like rain. Baremeter 20.13. Thermometer 54.

3 P. M.—It is cloudy, but very pleasant and warm.

Wind south. Barometer 20.14. Thermometer 36.

Wind south. Barometer 29 14. Thermometer 36, Rockestra, 10 A. M.—It is cloudy and chilly. Wind

ROSINSTAR, 10 A. M.—It is cloudy and chilly. Wind southeast. Thermometer 40.

8 P. M.—It is very dark. A drisnling rain is falling. Wind south, and warm. Thermometer 38.

Avanus, 10 A. M.—It is quite pleasant. but a little cloudy. It looks like rain. Thermometer 32.

8 P. M.—It is wet and rainy. There are indications of a storm. Thermometer 44.

Synacus, 10 A. M.—It is cloudy though not unpleasant. Wind east. Thermometer 52.

8 P. M.—It is a stormy evening. It is raining and snowing. Thermometer 36.

Uurga, 10 A. M.—It is a cloudy merging. Wind east.

Utica, 10 A. M.—It is a cloudy morning. Wind cost Thermometer 42.

S.P. M.—It is a dark and ungleasant evening, with sleet felling. Wind east. Thermometer 38.

Alaxyv, 10 A. M.—It is a closely and unpleasant morning. The river has fallen about four feet since restorday. ing. The river has inited as the Wind northwest. Thermometer 36, 8 P. M.—It snows hard. Barometer 29,750. Mory ary

8 P. M.—It shows hard.
5. Thermometer 36.
Thermometer 36.
Thermometer 36.
Thermometer 36.
Thermometer stands at 37. Wind the thermometer stands at 37. of rain.
S.P. M.—The weather is cloudy. Thermometer 42. The river is perfectly cient.

Pint appropriat.—There has been a furious snow storm all day.

INTERESTING FROM ALBANY.

Great Commotion in the Senate. THE SECRETS OF THE EXECUTIVE SESSION-PIERY

DESATE—ARRIVAL OF ABSENTEES—THE GAME BLOCKED, ETC.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD. ALBANT, March 17, 1852.

The President of the Senate, as usual, called to order this morning; a reverend divine offered up prayer, as is customary, invoking brotherly love, kindness, charity, and forbearance. Before the clergyman had fairly pro nounced the Amen, Senators Babcock and Tabor, (whigs) sprang upon their feet—the former moving that the doors of the Senate be closed, under one of the rules—the latter moving that the Senate resume the executive session.

Lieut. Governor Church decided the motion to be out of order, as, under a rule adopted, executive sessions are

only to be held on Tuesdays of each week. From this decision an appoal was taken.

The selemnity and seriousness manifested by Senators, indicated that an issue of more than ordinary importance was pending. The lobby of the chamber began to be crowded with eager spectators, and it was evident that a terrible storm was brewing, though very few of the outsiders anticipated the cause thereof.

A discussion ensued upon the question of appeal. Points of order were raised. Appeal upon appeal was taken, and every decision re-

sulted in favor of the whig side, which contended that the Senate was a continued executive session, and competent o act upon appointments sent up by the government. The democratic Senators took the side that the executive session closed with the adjournment yesterday, and

that the ordinary business of legislation should be proceeded with Finding that the whigs were firm and inexorable, in consequence of being in a majority of two, the democrats took the floor, and discussed the questions which

arose quite elaborately. transactions which occurred in secret session yesterday; and Senator Tabor, in an allegorical manner, exposed, at some length, a portion of what occurred in secret session, when the New York Harbor Masters' nominations were under consideration. He said as much as that scenes occurred among senators which would disgrace the most

disreputable dens of discord. From Mr. Tabor's remarks it was inferred that they had indulged in accusing each other of visiting the Five Points of New York, of being assimilated to hogs grunters, four-floted quadrupeds-that, after spending five hours time in staving off business, their temporary chairman abruptly left the chair, and declared the executive session adjourned. He contended that no adjournment did take place, but that the members became

scattered, amid the greatest confusion and disorder. Other senators threatened to make further revelation which they probably would have done, had not the tables

which they probably would have done, had not the tables been turned. There were two democratic senators absent from sickness—Mr. Otis and Mr. Vanderbilt.

From the hour of meeting, at 11 in the morning, until 3½ in the afternoon, the most exciting debates occurred. The crowd of spectators and members of the House densely filled the chamber. At the latter hour, while Senator Pierce (dem.) was occupying the floor. Senator Conger (dem.) arose and announced that Mr. Otis had that moment arrived, and hoped the Senate would congratulate him upon his recovery after his long and severe illness.

The suddem appearance of Senator Otis fall like a thurn

illness.

The sudden appearance of Senator Otis fell like a thunder-clap upon the whigs. They were utterly astounded that he should appear at this unpropitious instant. If the ghost of Admiral Hoffman had stalked into the Senate chamber, it could scarcely have produced greater consternation. The ghost of Banquo sitting at Macbeth's feast, did not excite more surprise.

Mr. Vanderbilt also soon after arrived, and made a full Senate.

did not excite more surprise.

Mr. Vanderbilt also soon after arrived, and made a full Senate.

This completely disconcerted the whigs. They now perceived that sufficient time had been gained by the democrate to procure the attendance of the absent members. The democrats feeling that a victory had been gained, moved an adjournment, which was carried by the carting vote of the President, at 5 o'clock, amidst the greatest excitement ever witnessed in that body.

The whole of this affair arose in the attempt to appoint he New York Harbor Masters, who have been in attendance several days, urging the matter with great personal contended that as they had some six or eight months to serve under their present commissions, it was premature to make the appointments so long in advance of the expiration of their term.

There is much reason to doubt whether another appointment will be confirmed during Gov. Hunt's administration, from the fact that threatenings have been uttered hat no more legislative business should be transacted until the Harbor Masters were confirmed.

The House did not take up the Snow case, nor Mr. Walsh's impeachment resolutions. Both propositions are likely to remain as unfinished business.

The brothers Turner, anti-renters, have been acquitted of the charge of tarring and feathering an officer. They could not be identified.

WATER FALLING-ICE-RAILROADS, ETC.

ALBANY, March 17-Noon

piers are still inundated, but the river is still falling. The ice has lodged nine miles below Albany, and th water has fallen four feet from the highest point. All the New York passengers left in the through Harlem train. The Hudson River Railroad did not send any train forward. The Western mails leave regularly. The New York evening passengers and mails have not yet ar-rived.

rived.

Albany, March 17, P.M.

The Columbia has reached, Hudson, but could not get as far as Stuyvesant, about twenty miles hence.

From Stuyvesant to Coeynans there is a heavy barrier of ice, and there is also considerable ice near Hyde Park.

Trains from the Hudson Railroad leave for New York to-morrow morning. The track being clear of water.

It is possible that the train which left New York at five this evening, will come through.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Senate. ALBANY, March 17, 1852.

MOVEMENT FOR AN EXECUTIVE SESSION—A LONG AN SPIRITED DEBATE—WHIGS NON-PLUSSED, AND NOTHIN

DONE. Before the journal was read, Mr. Tabon (whig) moved that the Senate resume its executive business, upon the ground that we are in executive session, as the journal

The CHAIR differed from the views of Mr. T. The executive session was the special order for a certain day

will show.

The Chair differed from the views of Mr. T. The executive session was the special order for a certain day. When the Senate adjourns on that day, whether in or out of the executive session, that order has passed.

Mr. Bascock (whig) moved that the doors be closed in obedience to the twenty-ninth rule.

The Chair said he had decided that the motion of the Senator from the Eleventh (Mr. T.) was out of order, and it now became his duty—a motion to close the doors having been made—to order the elesing of the doors.

Mr. Tason hoped the Senator from the Thirty-first (Mr. Babcock) would withdraw his motion, out of respect to the character of the Senate; and hoped that no such thing would occur here again as did yesterday. He appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Mr. Cooler, (dem.) hoped we should have no more of this contemptible strife. He hoped the motion would not prevail, and desired that the Senate would remain one day with doors open, until they could get cool. He feared, if we went into executive session, we should have another disgraceful seen hera similar to that of yesterday.

After debate by Mr. Busron and others. Mr. Tason said there was one sentiment expressed in which he concurred, and that was, that we should consult our reason in a matter relating so nearly to the reputation of the State of New York and this Senate, and to that very end, after all the efforts for paace which transpired here, last evening, he had made a motion to give an opportunity for that party which had so violated all principles of propriety and justice, to repair this breach. Lie was sorry to say that he felt in his inmost soul that the Senate of this State yesterday resoived the first disgrace it ever had.

Mr. Comer (dam.) rose to a point of order. The Senator was out of order in reforming to the proceedings of the executive session.

Mr. Tanon sgain rove, and said he desired conciliation: but there was an indispensable requisition—if a man had robbed him of anything the would do would be to tell him to give that

Senate.
Mr. Connell. (dcm.) naked why it was if we were in continued session, that we had a dergyman to pray for us this meeting?
Mr. Tarer.—It was a july we had not had one yesterdsyaffarmen.
The hour of tweive o'clock having arrived.
The Count for the special order has arrived. Mr. Van Schromhoven, (whigh—We are in executive seasion, and hence I must appeal, if the Chair so holds.

Mr. Bascock said this matter involved the honor said character of the Senate, and he for one should not full justified in taking any matter class before this was desided. It was one of far more importance than anything class we could do. He had made his motion to close the document of the senate to do so. He made it as a conciliatory move; but it being repelled by these for whom he intended it, he withdraw it.

Messrs. Baistor, Bascock, and others, continued the debate.

Mr. Cornella afterwards took the floor, and, in closing.

Messrs. Hristol, Barcock, and others, continued the debate.

Mr. Cornell afterwards took the floor, and, in closing his remarks, said—When we adjourned yesterday—Mr. Vanachooshoven—(interrupting Mr. C.)—There was no adjournment.

Mr. Cornell—How did we get together this morning? Mr. Moscar, (whig) who was in the chair, said—There was an alleged adjournment.

Mr. Cornell, domed there was an adjournment regularly, and that was to be inferred from our coming together here as usual. He hoped Senators would not allow personal feelings to control partiamentary rule, which had stood so long. "The memory of man runnell not to the contrary."

The debate was further continued, when Mr. Cooley moved to lay the whole subject on the table. The metical was lost, as follows:—

Aven.—Messrs. Bartlett, Bennet, Bristol, Cooley, Cornell, Jones, Kirby, McKurray, Pierce; Rogers, Smith, Sasew—12.

Nava.—Messrs. Bahcaek, Beach, Beach, Beakman, Clark, Gen.

12 Nava.—Mesers. Bahcock, Beech, Beekman, Clark, Corner, Huntington, McElwain, Morgan, Monroe, Newcomb, Platt, Tabor, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Ward, William

ger, Huntington, McElwain, Morgan, Monroe, Newcong, Platt, Tabor, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Ward, William Platt, Tabor, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Ward, William Platt, Tabor, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Ward, William Platt, W

on as he mad.

The question was then taken on the appeal, and the

port, Jones, Kirby, McMurray, Pierce, Rogers, Smith, and Snow—12.

NAYS.—Messrs-Babcook, Boach, Beckman, Clark, Congre, Huntington, McZlwin, Morgan, Monroe, Newcomb, Plast, Taber, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, Ward, Williams, and Wright—17.

The question then recurring upon the first appeal, on the decision of the Chair that they were not in executive session. &c., Mr. Cornell moved to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, which, after debate, was rejected by ayes, 14; nays, 16—being the same vote as above, except Mr. McMuraav (dem.), then moved to reconsider the vote by which the decision of the Chair was reversed, and, in the course of his remarks, alluded to the conduct of senators yesterday.

Mr. Whight (whig) called to order. A discussion was irrelevant.

Mr. Whigher (whig) called to order. A discussion was irrelevant.

The Crain said if that had any reference to the subject in hand, it could be discussed.

Mr. Van Schoonhoven-Well, has it?

Mr. Van Schoonhoven-Well, has it?

Mr. McMushay continued some time. No disgracefus scenes had been enacted that he knew of—not by his friends at all events.

Mr. Tarke took the floor in illustration—bearing upon the scenes as transpiring yesterday. (The Allegory was complete, and created much merriment.)

Mr. Van Schoonhoven desired to state that as it had been insinuated that eartain Senators sought to hide that tracks, he wished it to be distinctly understood that the preceedings of yesterday would be fully and fairly placeds before the public, and every Senator would have an opportunity to defend his own position, and sustain his actions.

The debate was further continued, when Senator Orus, (dem.) who had been sent for came in, and an unsuccessful motion to adjourn was made.

The motion of Mr. McMurray, to reconsider, was them put. The Clerk called the name of Mr. Babecek, and he answered "No."

Mr. McMerray here arose to withdraw his motion; but

answered "No."

Mr. McMcREAY here arose to withdraw his motion; but this was decided not in order, after the roll had begun to

The roll was called, and the motion lost as rollows.

AYES—Messars Bartiett, Cooley, Cornell, Davenport,
Jones, Kirby, McMurray, Otis, Pierce, Smith, and Snew—H.

Naya—Messas Babcock, Heach, Beekman, Clark, Conger,
Huntington, McElwain, Morgan, Monroo, Newcomb, Platt,
Taber, Upham, Van Schoonhoven, and wright—15.

The next question was upon the appeal taken upon the
President's decision that Mr. Taber's motion was not in order.

Mr. Pirrce attacked the remarks made by Mr. Taber, contending that the allegory was not carried sufficiently far.

The roll was called, and the motion lost as follows:-

far.

After further debate a motion far an adjournment was carried, by the casting vote of the President. Adjourned.

ALBANY, March 17, 1868 ALBANY, March 17, 1866.

BILLS PASSED.

To permit the residents of the Seventh ward, Brooklyn, to do fire duty in Williamsburg.

Also several local bills.

Nothing further of interest transpired in the Assembiga

New Trustees for the United States Bank. Philadelphia, March 17, 1852.

The stockholders of the United States Bank held a mosting to-day, in the Exchange, and moved an assignment of the real and personal goods, chattels, rights, and credits, whatever, belonging to said corporation. A motion was made and carried that the old trustees resign and now ones be elected. The new trustees are A. W. Schaub Molton C. Rogers. James Cooper, of Pottsville, Charle Macallester, and Daniel L. Miller, Jr., who will serve gra

Special Episcopal Diocesan Convention. BISHOP DOANE, VS. THE BISHOPS OF OHIO, VIRGINIA

Bullington, N. J., March 17, 1862.

The special convention called by Bishop Doane, of this diocess, to censure the action of three bishops—namely, the bishops of Ohio, Virginia, and Maine—in reference to charges against himself, met this forenoon, at St. Mary's Church, when the proceedings were opened by divine service, and a sermon by Bishop Donne, after which the holy communion was administered. The service having been concluded, at 2 o'clock, Bishop Doane then called the convention to order, as its president.

The roll of delegates was then called, when a few were absent, and some claimed to vote though not on the roll.

It was then moved to refer their claims to a committee.

absent, and some, claimed to vote though not on the roll.

It was then moved to refer their claims to a committee. The committee reported against all except three.

Bishop Doane then delivered an address, which occupied more than an hour in the delivery, in which he stated the circumstances under which he exercised his privilege of calling a special convention—a privilege that had not been asserted for twenty years before. To say it was called for the good of the church, would be to under-estimate its importance. Not only the framework of the church, but its foundations, were struck at by three bishops who attempted to assume a jurisdiction in the sovereign diocess of New Jersey, which did not belong to them. He contended, a tyreat length, that they had no right whatever to take any action in the master after a former convention had disposed of it by dismissing the case. It was quite true that three hishops could present, another bishop, on well authenticated charges, to the Bench of Bishops, in the event of the convention of the diocess of the accused not presenting him or instituting an inquiry. But in this case the investigation was set on foot and disposed of by restitution. He (Bishop Doane) would have been content with that, as far as he was concerned himself, but it was a case that affected the church, and he was determined to transmit all the rights of the diocesan unimpaired to his successor. It was with this view he called the special convention now assembled, and he hoped they would be firm.

Bishop Doane did not enter into the charges preferred against him. He confined himself to disputing the construction and action for he and the set of the confined himself to disputing the construction and action for the convention.

That the important duties now devoted upon this certain the following ten were nominated, and as a more cell of the church of Jeans Christ may be must and dischard depassionately, understandingly, and in order. I offer adoption the following resolution.

The following ten were nomina

Marine Affairs.

Another Quick Passage—A letter of om Honolder states that the ship R. B. Forbes, which arrived there on the 5th January, from Boston, was or sly 95 days from land to land, and 100 from anchorse to anchorage. The two shortest passages ever made previously from the United States, are said to be 'hose of the brig Kernelanneha, from this port, in 112 'hays, and the bark Mery Frazier, from Boston, in 115 drys.

More Liverroot Lineas.—The splendid ship Benjamin Adams, noticed by us a few days since, as having been lamnched by Trufant. Drumy and & Co., on the Stainst, at Eath is, we understand, for Messers Tapscott & Co.'s line of Liverpool packets. The builders of this ship stand deservedly high in their profession having turned out some very splendid; specimens of navia araditecture, no better evidence of which, we think, can be adduced than the splendid half clipper ship Continent, lately purchased by Messers Tapscott & Co., also for the same line; and we understand the same builders are about hying the Reel of another fine ship, of over 1200 tons for that house. Mesers T. & Co. being determined to keep up the character of their lipe, and keep pace with the improvements of the same